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Trade: The measure would reauthorize Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) programs for four years and provide \$1.7 billion annually for the programs, including \$300 million annually through fiscal 2025 for new grants to help communities affected by global trade.

The measure would also:

- Expand eligibility to include workers who lose their jobs due to decreased exports, teleworkers, and staffed workers who may be employed by a separate company but perform work at an affected firm. Public sector workers would be eligible for the program when services are outsourced to an offshore service provider.
- Require the Labor Department to provide benefit information to workers in their native language and a second notification of program benefits before workers have exhausted unemployment benefits.
- Extend trade readjustment allowance benefit weeks for workers participating in qualified training programs.
- Increase the cap on job search and relocation allowances to \$2,000, from \$1,250, and require states to provide the allowances for eligible workers to cover 100% of costs.
- Create a child care allowance of as much as \$2,000 per independent for eligible TAA participants.

Homeland Security: The measure would provide the following for the Homeland Security Department:

- \$900 million for the Office of the Chief Readiness Support Officer to implement sustainability and environmental programs.
- \$400 million for the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency to improve the cybersecurity of federal agencies.
- \$200 million for the Federal Emergency Management Agency for cybersecurity initiatives; grants to state, local, and tribal governments for recruitment and training efforts to address cybersecurity risks, and transitioning to the .gov domain.

VA Funding: : The measure's funding for the Veterans Affairs Department would include:

- \$2.3 billion for infrastructure improvements to national cemeteries and memorials, medical facilities, and other property.
- \$1.81 billion for major medical facility leases.
- \$455 million for enhanced-use leases, which provide underutilized real estate to the private sector for supportive housing for veterans who are experiencing or at risk of homelessness. The VA's authority to enter into the leases would be extended through fiscal 2026 and expanded to include arrangements to provide services or benefits for veterans.

Research: The measure's funding for science and technology programs would include:

- \$3.5 billion for National Science Foundation research and infrastructure, including \$1.52 billion to fund and administer the Directorate for Technology, Innovation, and Partnerships, which would accelerate advancement in key technology focus areas.
- \$2.5 billion for Energy Department research, development, and demonstration activities, including \$500 million for high assay, low-enriched uranium.
- \$1.25 billion for National Institute of Standards and Technology facility construction and renovation and advanced manufacturing research.
- \$1.12 billion for NASA infrastructure modernization efforts and climate change research and development activities.
- \$859 million for National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration weather, ocean, and climate research.

SBA: The measure would include the following amounts for the Small Business Administration:

- \$1.96 billion for a small dollar direct loan product under the [7\(a\) Loan Program](#).
- \$1 billion for a new grant program to create a network of incubators to support startups and small businesses.
- \$950 million to temporarily reduce waiver fees for 7(a) and [504 lending program](#) loans that are \$2 million or less.

Tribal Funding: The bill would also provide funding for tribal needs, including:

- \$1 billion for the Indian Health Service for priority facilities projects and an additional \$945 million for maintenance and improvement of existing facilities.
- \$715.4 million for road construction and maintenance activities by the Bureau of Indian Affairs.
- \$470 million to the Bureau of Indian Affairs for climate resilience and adaptation programs, including fish hatchery operations.

- \$300 million for providing electricity to unconnected tribal homes and transitioning connected homes to renewable energy.

USPS & GSA: The measure would provide \$6 billion for the U.S. Postal Service to purchase electric delivery vehicles and related infrastructure, and \$3 billion for the General Services Administration (GSA) to procure electric vehicles.

Other funding for the GSA would include:

- \$3.25 billion for purchases of goods and services that would boost energy efficiency and reduce greenhouse gas emissions.
- \$975 million for emerging and sustainable technologies and related programs.

Supply Chains: The measure would provide \$5 billion to support the Commerce Department's manufacturing supply chain resilience efforts. Funding would be used to map and monitor supply chains, establish best practices, deploy advanced technology, and provide grants to boost supply chain resilience.

It also would provide \$500 million to support domestic industrial base capabilities that are essential to national defense.

Justice Department & Enforcement: The bill also would provide

- \$2.5 billion to the Justice Department for grants and contracts to support community violence reduction programs.
- \$1 billion, split between the Justice Department and Federal Trade Commission, for antitrust enforcement activities.
- \$498 million for civil and criminal enforcement against tax evasion.

Aging Network: The measure would provide \$1.2 billion to fund Older Americans Act programs, including home and community-based supportive services, nutrition programs, and family caregiver support.

Insular Areas: It also would provide \$1 billion for infrastructure in U.S. territories.

SSI for Territories: The measure would extend the Supplemental Security Income program for lower-income individuals or those who have disabilities to Puerto Rico, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and American Samoa beginning in 2024. They are currently prohibited from participating.

Communications: The measure would provide:

- \$500 million to the Federal Trade Commission to establish a new bureau focused on data privacy and identity theft.
- \$475 million to supply low-income households with internet-connected devices.
- \$470 million for grants to implement Next Generation 911 services that facilitate sending text messages, photos, and videos to emergency responders.
- \$300 million for the Emergency Connectivity Fund, established under Public Law 117-2, to supply students, teachers, and others with internet-connected devices for use in distance learning.